Hailu dialect

The **Hailu dialect** (simplified Chinese: 海陆腔; traditional Chinese: 海陸腔; pinyin: *Hǎilù qiāng*; Hailu Hakka Romanization System: hoi´ liug` kiong`), also known as the **Hoiluk dialect** or **Hailu Hakka** (simplified Chinese: 海陆客语; traditional Chinese: 海陸客語; pinyin: *Hǎilù Kèyǔ*), is a dialect of Hakka Chinese that originated in Shanwei, Guangdong.[1] It is also the second most common dialect of Hakka spoken in Taiwan.[2][1]

Hailu dialect	
Hoiluk dialect	
海陆腔 / 海陸腔 海陆客语 / 海陸客語	
Native to	China, Taiwan and Indonesia
Region	Shanwei, Guangdong; Hsinchu County, Hsinchu City, Taoyuan, Hualien County, and Miaoli County, Taiwan; West Kalimantan, Indonesia
Language family	Sino-Tibetan ▪ Sinitic ▪ Hakka ▪ **Hailu dialect**
Official status	
Official language in	Taiwan
Regulated by	Hakka Affairs Council
Language codes	
ISO 639-3	–
Linguist List	hak-hai (http://multitree.org/codes/hak-hai) Hailu
Glottolog	hail1247 (http://glottolog.org/resource/languoid/id/hail1247) Hailu

Contents

Classification

Distribution

Phonology
Tones

Notes

References

Classification

The first edition of the *Language Atlas of China* places the Hakka dialects spoken in Haifeng and Lufeng[3] into the **Xin–Hui cluster** (新惠小片; *Xīn-Huì xiǎopiàn*) of the **Yue–Tai subgroup** (粵台片; 粵臺片; *Yuè-Tái piàn*) of Hakka.[4] In the second edition, it is given its own subgroup known as the **Hai–Lu subgroup** (海陆片; 海陸片; *Hǎi-Lù piàn*) separate from the Yue–Tai subgroup.[5]

Chang Song-hing and Zhuang Chusheng propose that it should be grouped as the **Hai–Lu cluster** (海陆小片; 海陸小片; *Hǎi-Lù xiǎopiàn*) of the **Mei–Shao subgroup** (梅韶片; *Méi-Sháo piàn*).[6]

Distribution

In China, the Hailu dialect is spoken in Shanwei, Guangdong, particularly in Haifeng, Lufeng, and Luhe.[1][5] As of 2012, there are around 1.18 million speakers of the dialect in these three areas.[7]

In Taiwan, it is spoken in Hsinchu County (Xinfeng, Xinpu, Hukou, Qionglin, Hengshan, Guanxi, Beipu, Baoshan, Emei, and Zhudong), Hsinchu City (Xiangshan and Xinfeng), Taoyuan (mostly in Guanyin, Xinwu, and Yangmei; also pockets in Pingzhen, Zhongli, and Longtan), Hualien County (Ji'an, Shoufeng, Guangfu, Yuli,

Ruisui, and Fenglin), and Miaoli County (Toufen, Sanwan, Nanzhuang, Xihu, Houlong, Zaoqiao, Tongxiao, and Tongluo).[8][9] In 2013, 41.5% of Hakka people in Taiwan were reported to be able to communicate in the Hailu dialect.[2]

In Indonesia, it is widely spoken in northern West Kalimantan, including Singkawang, Sambas, and Pemangkat.[10]

Phonology

Tones

The Hailu dialect has seven lexical tones:[11][12]

Tone name		dark level (阴平 / 陰平)	light level (阳平 / 陽平)	rising (上声 / 上聲)	dark departing (阴去 / 陰去)	light departing (阳去 / 陽去)	dark entering (阴入 / 陰入)	light entering (阳入 / 陽入)
Example		夫	扶	府	富	护 / 護	福	服
Tone letter	Hetian, Luhe	˥ (53)	˧ (55)	˨˩ (213)	˩˩ (31)	˨˨ (22)	˧˥ (34)	˥˥ (54)
	Hsinchu	˥ (53)	˧ (55)	˧˥ (24)	˩ (11)	˦ (33)	˧ (5)	˨˨ (2)

Notes

1. Teng 2015, p. 1.
2. HAC 2013, p. 2.
3. Including Luhe, which was carved out of Lufeng in 1988.
4. CASS & AAH 1987, B15.
5. Xie & Huang 2012, p. 117.
6. Chang & Zhuang 2008, p. 410.
7. Wu & Zhan 2012, p. 117.
8. HAC 2013, pp. 73, 78.
9. HAC 2018.
10. Huang 2008, pp. 2–3.
11. Xie & Huang 2012, p. 119.
12. MOE 2012, p. 38.

References

- Chang, Song-hing; Zhuang, Chusheng (2008). 廣東方言的地理格局與自然地理及歷史地理的關係 (http://www.cuhk.edu.hk/ics/journal/articles/v48p407.pdf) [Geographical Distribution of Guangdong Dialects: Their Linkage with Natural and Historical Geography] (PDF). *Journal of Chinese Studies* (in Chinese) (48): 407–422.
- Chinese Academy of Social Sciences; Australian Academy of the Humanities, eds. (1987). 中国语言地图集 [*Language Atlas of China*] (in Chinese). Hong Kong: Longman Group (Far East).

ISBN 0-582-99903-0.
- "Distribution and resurgence of the Hakka language" (https://english.hakka.gov.tw/Content/Content?NodeID=676&PageID=40022&LanguageType=ENG). *Hakka Affairs Council*. Hakka Affairs Council. 16 July 2018. Retrieved 14 August 2019.
- Huang, Hui-chen (2008). 印尼山口洋客家話研究 (https://www.hakka.gov.tw/File/GetContentFile?filename=..%2FFile%2FGet%3Ffilename%3D%5CAttach%5C1990%5C1%5C921215381771.pdf&nodeid=627&pageid=37392&fileid=69562&displayName=%E6%9C%AC%E6%96%87.pdf) [*Study of Hakka in Singkawang, Indonesia*] (PDF) (Master's thesis). National Central University. Retrieved 11 September 2019.
- Teng, Shengyu (2015). "Word Formation in Chinese Dialects: A Case Study of Hailu Hakka". *Chinese Lexical Semantics*. Lecture Notes in Computer Science. **9332**. pp. 281–293. doi:10.1007/978-3-319-27194-1_29 (https://doi.org/10.1007%2F978-3-319-27194-1_29). ISBN 978-3-319-27193-4.
- Wu, Wei; Zhan, Bohui (2012). B2—1 广东省的汉语方言. 中国语言地图集 [*Language Atlas of China*] (in Chinese). 汉语方言卷 (2nd ed.). Beijing: Commercial Press. pp. 160–165. ISBN 978-7-100-07054-6.
- Xie, Liuwen; Huang, Xuezhen (2012). B1—17 客家话. 中国语言地图集 [*Language Atlas of China*] (in Chinese). 汉语方言卷 (2nd ed.). Beijing: Commercial Press. pp. 116–124. ISBN 978-7-100-07054-6.
- 101-102年度台灣客家民眾客語使用狀況 (http://www.hakka.gov.tw/Hakka_CMS/File/Data/101-102%E5%B9%B4%E5%BA%A6%E5%8F%B0%E7%81%A3%E5%AE%A2%E5%AE%B6%E6%B0%91%E7%9C%BE%E5%AE%A2%E8%AA%9E%E4%BD%BF%E7%94%A8%E7%8B%80%E6%B3%81.pdf) (PDF) (in Chinese). Hakka Affairs Council. November 2013. Retrieved 11 September 2019.
- 客家語拼音方案使用手冊 (https://ws.moe.edu.tw/Download.ashx?u=C099358C81D4876C5303003B8BD1CBF53CB4C042BF06A309AEA627F8C987725374E5FDF5DB8BB9B0E619D53DA7DC54E53C93D95A352CF25464D95D8B42298B42BD966806D513B50076026B49A68D605B&n=7943FD1CFE79AA2AA97DB40E60641199FD1A8116E2843D28&icon=..pdf) [*Usage Manual for the Hakka Romanization System*] (PDF) (in Chinese). Ministry of Education, Republic of China (Taiwan). November 2012. Retrieved 11 September 2019.

Retrieved from "https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Hailu_dialect&oldid=930688688"

This page was last edited on 14 December 2019, at 06:13 (UTC).

Text is available under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License; additional terms may apply. By using this site, you agree to the Terms of Use and Privacy Policy. Wikipedia® is a registered trademark of the Wikimedia Foundation, Inc., a non-profit organization.